

UNITED STATES ES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

SEC FILE NUMBER

65879

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT

Wall Processing Section FORM X-17A-5
PART III

FEB 29 2008

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Washingtonines Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/2007	AND ENDING	12/31/2007 MM/DD/YY
A. RE	GISTRANT IDE	NTIFICATION	(AIADD) 11
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
Wildcat Trading, LLC			FIRM I.D. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSI	NESS: (Do not use P.C). Box No.)	
5 Wellington Court			
	(No. and Street)		
Carlisle,	PA		17013
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PE	RSON TO CONTACT	IN REGARD TO THIS RI	EPORT
Stephen Abramowitz			(212) 964-5545
			(Area Code - Telephone Number)
B. AC	COUNTANT IDE	ENTIFCATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT w	nose opinion is containe	ed in this Report*	
Kempisty & Company, Certified Public	-	•	
(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)			
15 Maiden Lane, Suite 1003	New York	New Yorl	k 10038
(Address)	"PROCESSI	ED & (State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant	MAR 2 5 2008	1 17	
Public Accountant	THUMSUN		
Accountant not resident in Uni	ted State NAMCIALs	possessions.	
	FOR OFFICIAL U	SE ONLY	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

AB 3/26

SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, T	odd Long			, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my kno	owledge and belief the accompanying financial sta	temen	t and	supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
Wild	cat Trading, LLC			, as
of De	cember 31 , 20	07		, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither	the company nor any partner, proprietor, principa	l offic	er or	director has any proprietary interest in any account
classifi	ed solely as that of a customer, except as follows:			
		_		(dd
г	DIERDRE STEINHAUS AINBINDER			Signature 💚
_	Notary Public, State of New York			Managing Member
	No. 01Al4399711 Qualified in Nassau County	-		Title
· ^c	ommission Expires July 6, 20 1/			
$\Delta \lambda_{\lambda}$	erdre Steinhaus ainlinear			
	Notary Public			
This ro	port** contains (check all applicable boxes):			
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⋈ (b)				
⊠ (c)	· ·			
⊠ (d)				listavla annital
(e)				
☐ (f)	Statement of changes in liabilities subordinated			
(g)		•		
∐ (h)	•			
∐ (i)	Information relating to the possession or control			
☐ (j)	A reconciliation, including appropriate explanat computation for determination of the reserve recomputation.	ion, of _l uirem	the c ents u	omputation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 and the inder exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
☐ (k)	A reconciliation between the audited and unaud consolidation.	ited sta	ateme	nts of financial condition with respect to methods of
(1)	An oath or affirmation.			
	A copy of the SIPC supplemental report.			
(n)	A report describing any material inadequacies for	ound to	o exis	t or found to have existed since the date of the

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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Washington, DC ~ 103

WILDCAT TRADING, L.L.C.

Financial Statements and Supplemental Schedules

December 31, 2007

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon and Supplemental Report on Internal Control Required by Rule 17a-5)

DECEMBER 31, 2007

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KEMPISTY & COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, P.C.

15 MAIDEN LANE - SUITE 1003 - NEW YORK, NY 10038 - TEL (212) 406-7272 - FAX (212) 513-1930

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Wildcat Trading, L.L.C.

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets, liabilities and members' equity of Wildcat Trading, L.L.C. as of December 31, 2007 and the related statements of revenue and expenses, changes in members' equity and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Wildcat Trading, L.L.C. at December 31, 2007 and the results of its' operations and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

kempisty & Company CPAs PL

Kempisty & Company Certified Public Accountants PC New York, New York February 27, 2008

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY

DECEMBER 31, 2007

ASSETS

Cash Due from (to) broker Securities owned, at market value (Note 5) JBO investment Income receivable Organizational costs, net of \$3,241 accumulated amortization	\$ 	11,521 3,188,621 716,360 10,000 711 231
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	3,927,444
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY		
Securities sold, not yet purchased, at market (Note 5) Accrued expenses Accounts payable	\$	2,086,162 11,459 285
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,097,906
Commitments and contingent liabilities (Note 6)		-
Members' equity	_	1,829,538
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY	\$_	3,927,444

STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENSES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Revenues: Principal trading Interest and dividends JBO interest	\$ 160,107 100,767 316
Total Revenues	261,190
Expenses:	
Clearing charges	26,836
Professional fees	16,000
Regulatory fees	14,225
Market data services	9,308
Seat lease fees	4,200
Office expenses	2,366
Amortization	694
SIPC	150
Other expenses	1,689
Total Expenses	75,468
Net income	\$ <u>185,722</u>

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Members' equity at January 1, 2007	\$	1,643,816
Capital contributions		-
Net income		185,722
Withdrawals	_	<u>-</u>
Members' equity at December 31, 2007	\$	1,829,538

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Increase (Decrease) in cash

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$	185,722
Changes in items having no effect on cash:		
Amortization		694
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) in due from clearing broker		(1,573,505)
(Increase) in securities owned at market		(692,660)
(Increase) in JBO investment		(10,000)
Decrease in income receivable		266
Increase in securities sold, not yet purchased, at market		2,078,860
(Decrease) in interest and dividends payable		(1,320)
Increase in accrued expenses	_	7,077_
Total adjustments		(190,588)
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(4,866)
NET DECREASE IN CASH		(4,866)
CASH		
Beginning of year	_	16,387_
End of year	\$_	11,521

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2007

NOTE 1- ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Wildcat Trading L.L.C., a New York limited liability company (the "Company"), formed in 2003, is registered as a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the American Stock Exchange ("AMEX").

The Company is engaged in securities trading.

NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company is engaged in various investment and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition

Securities transactions and related income and expenses are recorded daily on a mark to market basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2007

NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of financial instruments including income receivable, interest and dividends payable and accrued expenses, approximates their fair value due to the relatively short-term nature of these instruments.

Comprehensive Income

The Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income" (SFAS No. 130"). SFAS No. 130 requires an entity to report comprehensive income and its components and increases financial reporting disclosures. This standard has no impact on the Company's financial position, cash flows or results of operations since no elements of the Company's comprehensive income exist other than the gain from operations.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company does not expect the adoption of recent accounting pronouncements to have any material impact on its financial condition or results of operations

NOTE 3- INCOME TAXES

No provisions for federal and state income taxes are made in the financial statements as these taxes are the responsibility of the members under this form of organization.

NOTE 4- RECEIVABLE FROM BROKER-DEALERS AND CLEARING ORGANIZATIONS

Amounts receivable from the Company's clearing organization at December 31, 2007, consist of the following:

Receivable from clearing broker

Receivable 3,188,621

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2007

NOTE 5- SECURITIES OWNED AND SOLD (NOT YET PURCHASED) AT MARKET

Marketable securities owned and sold, not yet purchased, at December 31, 2007 consist of trading and investment securities at quoted market values, as illustrated below:

			Sold, Not Yet
		<u>Owned</u>	<u>Purchased</u>
Common stocks	\$	588,960	\$ 1,907,712
Options	_	127,400	178,450
	\$_	716,360	\$ 2,086,162

NOTE 6- COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company utilizes office space provided by its managing member.

NOTE 7- NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is a member of the American Stock Exchange and is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1. This Rule requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital may not exceed 15 to 1, during the first twelve (12) months of commencing operations the ratio may not exceed 8 to 1, and equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At December 31, 2007, the Company's net capital was \$1,819,307 which was \$1,719,307 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000. The Company's aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was 0.0065 to 1.

NOTE 8- EXEMPTION FROM RULE 15c3-3

The Company is exempt from the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3 and, therefore, is not required to maintain a "Special Reserve Bank Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers".

NOTE 9- OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK

Pursuant to a JBO Participant's Account Agreement, the Company will give up its clearing member to the clearing corporation for all of its securities transactions. Therefore, all of the customers' money balances and long and short security positions will be maintained on the books of the clearing member in a JBO participant's account. Under certain conditions as defined in the agreement, the Company has agreed to indemnify the clearing member for losses, if any, which the clearing member may sustain from maintaining securities transactions effected by the Company. In accordance with industry practice and regulatory requirements, the Company and the clearing member monitor collateral on the securities transactions introduced by the Company.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2007

NOTE 10- GUARANTEES

FASB Interpretation No. 45 (FIN 45), Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others, requires the Company to disclose information about its obligations under certain guarantee arrangements. FIN 45 defines guarantees as contracts and indemnification agreements that contingently require a guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on changes in an underlying contract (such as an interest or foreign exchange rate, security or commodity price, an index or the occurrence or non occurrence of a specified event) related to an asset, liability or equity security of a guaranteed party. FIN 45 also defines guarantees as contracts that contingently require the guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on another entity's failure to perform under an agreement as well as indirect guarantees of the indebtedness of others.

Indemnifications

In the normal course of its business, the Company indemnifies and guarantees certain service providers, such as clearing and custody agents, trustees and administrators, against specified potential losses in connection with their acting as an agent of, or providing services to, the Company or its affiliates. The maximum potential amount of future payments that the Company could be required to make under the indemnifications cannot be estimated. However, the Company believes that it is unlikely it will have to make material payments under these arrangements and has not recorded any contingent liability in the financial statements for these indemnifications.

The Company provides representations and warranties to counterparties in connection with a variety of commercial transactions and occasionally indemnifies them against potential losses caused by the breach of those representations and warranties. The Company may also provide standard indemnifications to some counterparties to protect them in the event additional taxes are owed or payments are withheld, due either to a change in or adverse application of certain tax laws. These indemnifications generally are standard contractual terms and are entered into in the normal course of business. The maximum potential amount of future payments that the Company could be required to make under these indemnifications cannot be estimated. However, the Company believes that it is unlikely it will have to make material payments under these arrangements and has not recorded any contingent liability in the consolidated financial statements for these indemnifications.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

SCHEDULE I COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION DECEMBER 31, 2007

NET CAPITAL:			
Members' equity		\$	1,829,538
Less non-allowable assets and deductions: JBO investment Organization costs	10,000 231		
Organization costs			10,231
NET CAPITAL		\$	1,819,307
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS, total liabilities		\$_	11,744
MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIRED (6.67% of aggregate indebtedness)	\$_	783
MINIMUM NET CAPITAL DOLLAR REQUIREMENT		\$_	100,000
MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIRED		\$_	100,000
EXCESS NET CAPITAL (\$1,819,307 - \$100,000)		\$_	1,719,307
PERCENTAGE OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO \$ NET CAPITAL \$	11,744		0.6455%

There are no material differences between the above computation and the computation included in the Company's corresponding unaudited form X-17A-5 Part IIA filing.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

KEMPISTY & COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, P.C.

15 MAIDEN LANE - SUITE 1003 - NEW YORK, NY 10038 - TEL (212) 406-7272 - FAX (212) 513-1930

The Members of Wildcat Trading, L.L.C. New York, New York

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Wildcat Trading, L.L.C. (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities; we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits, and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Wildcat Trading, L.L.C.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the members, management, the SEC, the American Stock Exchange, Inc. and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5 (g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

kempisty & Company CPAs PC

Kempisty & Company Certified Public Accountants PC New York, New York February 27, 2008

